struction from the extreme initial point of its commencement. Deficiencies exist, but they are almost without exceptions; these incident to all new roads, or of a character growing out of the peculiar duties encountered or inseparably connected with the unexampled progress of the work. A matter of the greatest importance, and highly creditable to the managers of the Company, is that they can all be supplied at an outlay but little exceeding that which would have obviated them in the first instance, but at the cost of materially retarding the progress of the great work. Under the circumstances, it is much more a matter of surprise that so few mistakes were made and so few defects exist, than it would be had serious deficiencies been of more frequent occurrence, and the country has reason to congratulate itself that this great work of national importance is so rapidly approaching completion under such favorable auspices.

The Chancery Court of the District has been consider-

The Chancery Court of the District has been consider-

ing, the past two or three days, the rights of the various

persons who were concerned in the capture of the con-

President Lincoln. The case now stands as follows: Gen.

Baker and -- Connolly filed a bill in equity to enforce

their claims against the Corporation of Washington fora

part of the \$20,000 that was offered for the capture of the

the Corporation filed a bill of interpleader, acknowledg-

ing that said reward had been offered, but declaring that

the Corporation was unable to decide to whom to pay it.

The Court will order a pro rata distribution at the con-

From the annual report of the Commissioner of Patents

it is ascertained that the expenses of the Bureau for the

The President is urged to recommend in his message

the consolidation of the Educational, Statistical, and Ag-

The Commissioner of Agriculture, in his annual report,

says: "It is gratifying to observe the evidences of vital-

ity in Southern agriculture, which is progressively and

gradually dispelling the despondency resulting from the

ruption of families, and the impoverishment of estates. A system of international agricultural exchanges has

LATEST GENERAL NEWS-BY TELEGRAPH. at Collingwood, Carnets

The Virginia stay law is not to be extended

....The Arizona Legislature assembled at

....Geo. W. Williams, esq., of the South Carolina bar, died in Columbia yesterday.

....Samuel P. Holfiday, of the firm of Holliday Brothers, died in Cairo, Ill., on Tuesday.

.... An attempt was made on Tuesday night

.... The Photographers are sitting in Con-

Judge Barker of Buffalo has decided that

.Charles Butler of Livingston County, Ill.,

...H. Setson's steam mill and a large block adjoining, in Palmer, Mass., were burned on Tuesday

.... Mr. William Sossaman, one of the proprie-ters of The Mobile Tribune, died in that city on Friday

.....Walter Brown will row a scull boat to

Cheinnati, 500 miles, in eight consecutive days, from suarise to sunset, on a wager of \$1,000.

.... W. J. Queally's extensive foundery and

nachine shop at Hannibal, Missouri, were burned on londay. Loss between \$49,000 and \$50,000.

....In the burning of Mr. John A. Huck's

.... Six of the Rhode Island and Greenport

Fishing Company's cat boats went to the bottom, near the Delaware Capes on Wednesday night. One man was

.... The Hon. H. C. Newcomb, editor of The

Chicago Journal, has retired from that newspaper, and, if not sent to the U.S. Senate, will resume the practice of his profession.

.... A son of Michael Marray, aged 20 years,

....In the Cole-Hiscock murder case, in Albany, yesterday, Mr. Mitchell opened for the defeuse, Mr. Sedgwick followed for the prosecution, and Mr. Boach closed for the defense.

.... A few days ago, in the eastern part of

Jefferson County, Ky., a gang of seven rufflans violated the persons of two negro girls, shot them dead, and then threw their bodies into a creek.

....The people of a part of the town of Cicero, adjoining Chicago, have voted to secede, and have formed a new town, which they call Colfax, in honor of the Vice-President-elect.

night, and passed through Belmont, Scarsmont, East Palermo, Washington, Somerville, Windsor, and Augusta yesterday, reaching Hallowell last night.

... Wm. Wells, Wm. Wilson, and Geo. Round are to be executed in Princess Ame, Md., on the sth of January, for the murder of the captain and mate of the schooner Erave, in Chesapeake Bay.

schooner Brave, in Chesapeake Day.

Sheridan Gay of Moosup, Conn., formerly a bookkeeper in New-York, committed suicide by shooting, while in the smoking ear of the train from Hartford to Providence, near Summit Station, yesterday.

and formerly partner of Sol. Smith, the actor, has gone into bankruptey. Among his Habilites are upward of 48,000 to Fanny Kemble and 45,000 to Charlotte Cushman.

.... The Deacon Andrews murder trial was continued in Plymouth, Mass., yesterday, and Dr. Henry J. Bigelow and others were examined; but nothing was clicited beyond the facts which are detailed in our special

Indianapolis, Dec. 2.—The trial of Mrs. Clem

in the Criminal Court, for the nurder of Jacob Young and his wife, is creating considerable excitement. The Court prohibited the publication of the testimony, but the afterneon newspapers published it, taking ground that the order of the Court is arbifrary, and without au-

correspondence, in another column.

.N. M. Ludlow of St. Louis, an old citizen,

Weston reached Belfast, Me., on Tuesday

past year exceed the receipts by less than \$200.

cultural Bureaus, having one head.

clusion of the case.

spirators. Many claimants, however, appeared, and

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# . WASHINGTON.

GRN. GRANT ON INDIAN AFFAIRS—THE COMING SESSION AND WHAT IS TO BE DONE—THE NATIONAL BANK TAXES—THE SUPERVISOR-SHIPS—THE ASSASSINATION OF ABRAHAM INCOLN-REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Dec. 2, 1868. Gen. Grant, in private conversation, has said that we can expect no permanent peace with the Indians until the Government transfers the Indian Bureau to the War Department. He says that the entire system of furnishing supplies to the Indians is victous, and needs reformation from the bottom. The Indians are ostensibly supplied with scores of things for which they have no use whatever, and were swindled in both quantity and quality even of these goods. Guns and ammunition are sold them, in violation of law, by agents, or their associates, and it is impossible to punish them through the courts. If the Bureau were transferred, the Indian sup-plies would then be furnished just as army supplies are furnished, and the whole work could then be done at onequarter to one-half the present cost. The army now gets all the kicks and cuffs of the Indian troubles, and can have no voice in the Indian management.

The rolls of the House at the coming session will bear the names of 223 Representatives, including the delegations from Georgia and Alabama. Four members of the present House have died, namely : Messrs. Finney and Stevens of Pennsylvania, Mann of Louisiana, and Hinds of Arkansas. The death of neither of these has been announced officially in the House, and one of the first features of the coming session will be the passage of the customary resolutions and the delivery of the usual addresses by the colleagues of the deceased members.

Mr. Finney was able to occupy his seat only about a
week. He is succeeded by S. Newton Pettis. Mr. Stevens is succeeded by C. J. Dickey, and either Jones or Menard will succeed Mr. Mann, the election being contested. The latter is a colored man. The Senate rolls will contain the names of 66 members, including Messrs. Hill and Miller of Georgia and Messrs. Spencer and Warner of Alabama. being an increase of 13 since the vote on Impeachment. Of this number the terms of office of 22 will expire on the Buckalew of Penusylvania, Chandler of Michigan, Con-ness of California, Dixon of Connecticut, Doublitle of Wisconsin. Edmunds of Vermont (reflected), Frelinghuyeen of New-Jersey, Henderson of Missouri, Hendricks of Indiana, Morgan of New-York, Morrill of Maine, Patter son of Tennessee, Ramsey of Minnesota, Sprague of Rhode Island (refflected), Steward of Nevada, Sumner of Massachuseits, Tipton of Nebraska, Van Winkle of West Virginia Weich of Florida, Whyte of Maryland and Wade of Ohio Messrs. J. Hale Sypher, J. P. Newsham, and M. Videll, members of Congress [from Louisiana, arrived here

A member of Congress, who is already conspicuous for the part which he has taken in the investigations of frauds, is here collecting data for a resolution that he will introduce in the House early in the session, calling for a committee to examine and report on the alleged corrupt use of the money in the Alaska purchase. He says that m his opinion a very large som of money was used in the lobby at the time the bill for the appropriation of the money to pay for the new Territory was pend-

Admiral Wilkes is here, intending to ask Congress to give him the flag officer's share of the prize Peterhoff, captured by the Vanderbilt. The claim was disallowed by the Navy and Treasury Departments, and the decision was sustained by the Attorney-General, on the ground that the capturing ship was not attached to the Admiral's squadron at the time of the capture.

Gen. Spinner intends to suggest several reforms in finances to the attention of Congress-among them the collection of United States taxes from National Banks at the United, States Treasury, instead of by the Collectors of Internal Revenue. The accounts of the Treasury show that there was collected by the Treasurer during the last fiscal year \$5,728,365 for duty on the three items of capital, Revenue has also collected from these banks, on these identical three items for taxes, an amount that cannot be from National Banks are not kept separate from those collected/from State banks and private bankers. But as banks, and private bankers, is only \$1,558,739 67, it is obwlous that the part collected from National Banks as tax by the Collectors of Internal Revenue must be less than these same items by the Treasurer. The collections from National Banks for duty are, by law, made semi-annually. They cost nothing. The collections from these banks for and are by law assessed by circulation at one-twelfth of one per cent per month, and on capital and on deposits one-twenty-fourth of one per cent per month. For these trifling monthly collections of taxes the Collectors re-

The report of Treasurer Spinner speaks of the feminine clerks employed in his Bureau in the highest terms, and it is understood that he will recommend that they be placed on an equality with the male clerks of like qualifications. The highest rate of pay of the former class is \$1,200 per annum. It is also reported that the Transurer dislikes the existing three and five cent coin, and will recommend that the issue be called in as fast as possible and the further tasne discontinued.

The Boston Journal correspondent says!

The Bosion Journal correspondent says:

Congress is to be asked to make provision for the recembling of bata metal tokens, by which many Govern-Biont officers suffer. Postmasters are by law compelled to receive these Government tokens in payment for postage stamps, and are then immediately liable to the Government for the amount of sach saise in good money. But the Government, that sold their tokens at par for their full value, or paid them as money to their creditors, new turns around and refuses to receive them back in payment from its own officers, who were by law compelled to receive them on account of the Government. Postmasters who were so obliged to receive these tokens have officed them by the bagfull in payment of their Post-Office receipts at the counter of the Treasury, and have then compelled to carry them home-again, because the Treasurer cannot receive over sixty cents in three-cent places, nor over four cents in one or two-cent pieces in any one payment.

The Secretary of the Treasury rejected the nomination, to-day, of Gen. Comely of Dayton, Ohio, as Supervisor for the Southern District of Ohio. Comely was recommended by Gen. Schenck, and his nomination has been pending a long while. It is probable that Commissioner Rollins will nominate Col. Crane of Cincinnati for the place. Crane is recommended by some of the best men in the Government service. Several other persons are seeking the office. Among the bills that are foreshadowed is one for a Southern Pacific Railroad through Texas and

The ratification of an additional article to the treaty of Navigation and Commerce between the United States and Russia, recently exchanged in Washington, is announced. It provides for securing complete and efficient protection tolithe manufacturing industry of their respective cities and subjects, and agrees that any counforfeiting in one of the two countries of the trademark affixed in the other's merchandise to show its origin and quality, shall be strictly prohibited and repressed, and shall give grounds for an action of damages in favor of the injured party, to be prosecuted in the courts of the country in which the counterfest shall be proven. The ademarks, in which the citizens or subjects of one of the two countries may wish to secure the rights of property in the jother, must be lodged exclusively, to wit: The marks of the eftizens of the United States, in the Department of Manufactures and Iuland Commerce at St. Petersburg, and the marks of Russian subjects at the

Patent Office in Washington. T. C. Durant, Vice-President of the Union Pacific Rail. road, arrived here to-day. He visited the President and Secretary of the Interior, and has made a request for a copy of the report of the Government Commissioners who have been examining the workings of the road. There appears to be some trouble between the Union Pacific, the Central Pacific, and the Government, in regard to the subsidies which Copgress voted the reads. There is discord between the managers of the two roads, and the President is called on to not as arbiter. The report of the Special Commission which was appointed by the President to examine the Union Pacific Railroad

closes as follows:

Thien as a whole, the Union Pacific Railroad has been well constructed. The general route for the line is exceedingly well selected, crossing the Rocky Mountain these at some of the most feverable passes on the conticent, and possessing capabilities for easy grades and favorable alignment unsurpassed by any other railway line on similar elevated ground. The energy and perseverance with which the work has been urged forward, and the rapidity with which it has been executed, are without parallel in history. In the grandeur and magnibale of the undertaking, it has never been equaled, and no other has compares with this in the arid and barren tharacter of much of the country it traverses, giving this to unusual inconveniences and difficulties, and amounts the research of the country in the

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1868.

# THE SOUTHERN STATES.

LOUISIANA.

THE CONDITION OF THE STATE - THE LATE ELECTIONS-GEN. ROUSSEAU AND HIS AD-MINISTRATION-PERRY FULLER.

IFROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT. NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 24 .- The Hon. John Lynch of the State Senate will be in your city in a few days to negotiate a loan for the State. Mr. Lynch is one of the most substantial men of the State. He is a planter, and is thoroughly acquainted with the necessities of the important planting interests. Mr Lynch brought his money and his family to this State soon after the war, and has identified himself with its fortunes, and yet, because he is a Republican, he is one of the class whom the Rebel element

would drive from the State. The State credit begins to look up since the election of Grant. If Rebel outrages can only be suppressed we will soon bring it to par. There is no reason to the contrary. The whole outstanding debt of the State does not exceed \$6,000,000. The taxes now levied are sufficient to wipe out the whole amount.

You have already heard of the Gestruction by the Ku-Klux of the precess of the Hon. Jasper Blackburn at Homer, Claiborne parish, and of W. H. Mc-Lean at Alexandria, Rapides Parish. This is the second time each of these presses has been destroyed. Mr. Blackburn is a member of Congress, and will probably entighten that body as to the peculiar customs of his Rebel constituency. His Parish voted almost unanimously for Seymour and Blair. This is the Parish of which Mr. Blackburn testifies as follows before the Committee on Peace and Order:

1 further testify and swear that pending the ratification of the Constitution it was not advisable or safe in the Parish of Claiborne for any man to favor, or advocate on the stump, the adoption of that instrument, nor was it safe for any man, while or black, to vote openly for the adoption of the same on the days of the election. I would state that since the close of the war, and especially loward leading freedness, who was a suppression of the same on the days of the election. I would state that since the close of the war, and especially loward leading freedness, who were suppressed to ward those termed loyal citizens regardless of color, but more especially loward leading freedness, who were suppressed to suppress the propose of a proper punishment many way.

The report of this committee upon the outrage and murders attending the last election will be in trip any of a system of terrorism so frightful as to prevent the large and proper super super super super suppressed to the committee of a system of terrorism so frightful as to prevent the bare possibility of anything bearing the semblance of a real election. In Managament of the city by armed band The introduction of new and improved the general public, which must be gratifying to those who have labored long and faithfully in its dissemination. The distribution of plants from the experimental garden during the past year emboraced thirty thousand plants. Many thousand seroes and cutflings of fruit trees have also been disseminated. Great care is taken to preserve the nomenclature to guard against errors in the numerous varieties cultivated. The following exhibits the disposition made of the seeds, under the appropriation, from the 1st of December, 1803, to the 1st of December, 1803. The total number of papers and packages distributed was 592,398, which includes 32,129 sacks of Winter wheat, imported by the present Combinesioners, as follows: To Members of Congress, 225,532; to agricultural and horticultural societies, 98,321; to statisfical correspondents, 85,321; to individuals on application, 181,470. Total, 522,398. The Report, though brief, gives a view of all branches connected with the Department of Agriculture.

The Hou, John Lyuch of Maine has had correspondence with prominent gentlemen here relative to financial measures to which he has given attention. The bill introduced by him providing against the undue expansion of the currency only proposes the exchange and re-exchange of legal tender under now authorized and in erroluced by him providing grants the undue expansion of the currency only proposes the exchange and re-exchange of legal tender under now authorized and in erroluced by him providing grants the undue expansion of the currency only proposes the exchange and re-exchange of legal tender under now authorized and in erroluced by him providing grants the undue expansion of the currency only proposes the exchange and re-exchange of legal tender under now authorized and in errollation. The bill giving the Secretary of the Treasury discretionary power to release notes "at and after one year from date" is to prevent the possibility of his being obliged to suspend after commencing specie paym

voted. But with the bloody record of the last two months, their exclusion from registry, and the firm belief that if they should attempt to vote in any force they would be shot down like sheep, all staring them in the face, the beek of the Repunican Voiets decided to treat the prefended election as a sham and nullity, as it was, and to remain quietly at home. In 17 parishes of the State a similar condition of affairs existed, and in those parishes there was almost an ananimous vote for Seymonr and Blair, in fairs existed, and in those parishes there was almost an manimous vote for Seymour and Blair, in spite of the known fact that in almost all of them the Republicans had a decided majority. Can an election carried by such means be for one moment sustained? The fact is, that, as The Philadelphia North American says, "these outlaws fancy that they are beyond the power of Congress; but they will have to learn a different lesson." Indeed, they will, if we are to have any form of republican government here. The Rebels now fancy that they can always control the colored vote by intimidation. There is no doubt that a free election at this moment would cause this State Io give 30,000 Republican majority.

The Knights of the White Camelia are in great a man's wife cannot be his pariner in business.
... The Michigan Christian Conventions are holding a State Convention in Detroit. ferment here on account of a disclosure of the secrets of their conspiracy, published in The New-Orleans Advocate. It is a complete expess of the purposes and operations of the organization, and will create a

County, No. .... Neither Henry S. Lane nor the Hon. P. D. Pratt is a candidate for the U. S. Senate from Indiana. ... The surviving members of the 104th Ohio Infantry, to the number of 200, celebrated the anniversary of the battle of Franklin, at Alliance, Ohio, on Monday. was frozen to death near Stormy Lake, Lac County, on the 17th uit.

house, in Chicago, the finest private collection of paint-ings in the Western country was destroyed.

was killed on Tuesday in Jacob's bark and tan mill, in Peabody, Mass. by a quantity of tan falling upon him and suffocating him.

of their conspiracy, published in The New-Orleans Advocate. It is a complete expose of the purposes and operations of the organization, and will create a deep sensation in all circles.

The merchants here feel the effects of the late riots on their busingss. A prominent Commission merchant told me that all his correspondents withdrew their balances, countermanded their orders, and directed their cotton to other ports during the troubles. When will they learn that they cannot hunt negroes and carpet-baggers, and seil cotton and sugar at one and the same time?

The Times has the following afrocious sentiment, referring to the murder of Col. Pope:

The homicale of certain persons who have been installed exclusively by the votes of the negroes and a few white strongers, and outcasts in highly responsible judical offices in the country, are due to the exasperation produced by a system of oppression, wrong, insult, and spoliation, which were never exercised toward a brave and spirited people without producing like results.

It seems to me we have heard of this "brave and spirited people" doing similar things before the war. What exasperates them now is that they cannot do them in the dark, as they used to do.

Perry Fuller, esq. Collector of Customs, returned vesterday, and was welcomed back by his host of friends. I must tell you a story of Perry.

Although a strong Democrat, and in full communion with the "chivalry" here, he has his full share of that sturdy Northern independence which so strongly contrasts with the servile gregariousness of the chivalry. Perry, one bright day, forgetting for the nonce that he was in New-Orleans, walked down Canal-st., horrid to tell, with Gen. L., a leading Republican. Not many hours afterward, two gentlemen of the other persuasion waited on Major Fuller, and the following colloquy ensued:

"Major, we have taken the responsibility to deny a rumor on the streets which is seriously affecting your standing, socially and politically; and we have come to see if we did right." What is i

EXPOSURE OF THE KU-KLUX KLAN OF LOUISIANA. New-Orleans, Dec. 2.—The Advocate pub-lishes a startling exposure of the Knights of the White Camelia—otherwise Ku-Klux.

GOV. SCOTT OF SOUTH CAROLINA ON THE

Gov. Scott in his Message to the Legislature courteously advises the people of South Carolina to turn their attention from politics to the development of the

tual energy. An armed organization, styling themselves the Ku-Kiux Klan, uniformed and masked, by their secret meetings and midnight atrocities upon peaceable and unoffending clitzens, and obstructing the laws, have maugurated a reign of terror in many neighborhoods. Imitations of the secret societies of Europe during the Middle Ages, they are without their excuse of justification. In those days their power and their vengeance were directed against the turbulent nobles and barons who defied the laws and oppressed the people. Their object was the attainment of justice, not the acquisition of political power. Their victims were not the law-abiding and the lowly, but the bold bad mon who trampled on right and outraged humanity. Their symbols were the dagger and the cord, fit emblems of their terrible authority and their mode of exercising it. But even in those days of rapine and murder, the responsibility of this dangenerous power was deemed so questionable and hazardous as to lead to its suppression. In the present condition of our State the existence or formation of secret political societies is greatly to be deplored. They will be objects of misgiving and distrust, and centers of irritation and excitement. Secresy is but too frequently the eovert for crime, and irresponsibility an incentive to its perpetration. Organizations will beget counter organizations, and dissensions and disturbances will be fomented and perpetnated to the interruption of the peace and prosperity of the whole neighborhood. I trust that every well-wisher of peace and progress will discontenance the further continuance of these secret political cliques.

political cliques. NORTH CAROLINA-CORRUPTION COMMITTEE RALEIGH, Dec. 2.—The House was engaged to-day in discussing resolutions proposing to raise a com-mittee on bribery and blackmail. Opposition was manifested, on various grounds, to the resolutions as passed by the Senate. No action was taken, but the reso-lutious will probably pass, and the committee go at once to work.

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE—MARRIAGE LAWS.
MONTGOMERY, Dec. 2.—The Senate is engaged
in the discussion of Ku-Klux bills, and the House is on
revenue bills and bills regulating the collection of debts.
The House has passed a bill repealing all laws prohibiting the marriage of blacks and whites.

THE FLORIDA GOVERNORSHIP MUDDLE TALLAHASSEE, Dec. 2.—The argument in the Supreme Court, on the motion of Lieut-Gov. Gleason's counsel to quash the proceedings for want of jurisdiction, was concluded to-day, the Court deciding that it has jurisdiction. Attorney-Gen. Meek offered a motion that the rule nisi be made absolute, and an argument on this motion lasted until the adjournment.

SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE COLUMBIA, Dec. 2.—The Senate decided to-day that it has no authority to elect a Lieutenant-Gover-nor in the place of Mr. Boozer, who resigned, but that the election must be by the people.

#### GEN. GRANT'S MOVEMENTS.

Boston, Dec. 2 .- Gen. Grant dined at the residence of David Sears, one of the Electors at large, this evening, and met several of the leading business men of the city, including the Presidential Electors. This morning a Committee of the City Council informally waited on him at the St. James's Hotel. To-morrow he gees to Lawrence, and is to be shown through the mills THE TRIP FROM NEW-YORK TO BOSTON.

Yesterday morning's Journal and Courier of New-Haven has the following:

New-Haven has the following:

Last night, at 11½ o'clock, Gen. Grant paseed through our city en route to Boston. Soon after leaving New-York he took a seat in the smoking-car, and enjoyed himself quietly smoking, the rest of the occupants of the car being wholly unconscious of his presence. When near Stamford he went into the mail-car, and when he went out of the smoking-car the smokers there then recognized him. He remained in the mail-car until the train arrived him. He remained in the mail-car until the train arrived in Bridgeport, when he went into his sleeping-car, which was the last one in the train that goes to Hartford. On the arrival of the train here about 100 gentlemen, who had heard of his coming, were in the depot, and valuly endeavored to get a glimpse of the President elect. A few cheers were indulged in, but he was deaf apparently to them, being prebably at that time busily engaged in securing the medicum of sleep that sleeping-cars afford. Gen, Grant returns from Beston on Friday, by way of Providence. He went last night by way of Hartford and Springdeid.

GEN. GRANT WILL GO TO CHICAGO. Gen. Grant has decided to attend the reunion of army officers in Chicago on the 16th inst. He will re-furn from the East in time to accompany Gens. George H. Thomas and Schoffield, and others.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

MAINE.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 2.—The Electoral College reassembled this morning in the State House, and east the
seven votes of the State for Grant and Colfax. Gen.
George L. Beal of Norway, a member of the College, was
elected Messenger, to bear the vote to Washington.

NEW-YOFK.

All Many and cast 31 votes for Horatio Seymonr for resident, and Francis P. Blair, Jr. for Vice-President, easemgers were appointed to take the votes to Washingn, and to the Judge of the Northern District of Newberk. Gov. Seymour being in the city, after the College Journes the members marched in a body and made, an

MASSACHUSETTS.

VERMONT.

MONTPELIER, Dec. 2.—The Vermont Electoral College to-day voted for Grant and Coffax, and chose Gen. Grandey of Vergennes, Messenger.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, Dec. 2.—The Electoral vote of

New-Hampshire was to-day given to Grant and Colfax. Charles Gillis of Hillsboro was chosen Messenger. The electors propose to go to Boston and pay their respects to Gen. Grant.

CONNECTICET.

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CONNECTICET.

Continuation of the Governor's Room in the State House, and organized by electing ex-Gov. Hawley, Chairman, and J. P. Marsh, Clerk. They cast the six votes of the State for Grant and Colfax, and appointed Col. Joseph Sehten of Sorwich, Messenger to take the vote to Washington.

NEW-FERSEY.

TRENTON, Dec. 2.—The New-Jersey Electoral College met at the State House in this city to-day, and appointed the Hon. Peter D. Vroom President. The even Electoral voice of the State were cast for Horatic Seymour for President, and Francis P. Blair, Jr., for Vice-President. The usual certificates were signed, and Jos. P. Randolph, jr., was appointed Messenger to carry the returns to Washington.

PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 2.—The Pennsylvania
Electoral College cast 26 votes for Grant and Collax.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 2.—Dr. G. Volney Dorsey was elected to day to fill the vacancy caused by the death of ex-Gov. Tod as Elector at Large.

MONTGOMERY, Dec. 2.—The Electoral College met to day and east the eight votes of the State for Grant and Colfax.

SOUTH CAROLINA. ALABAMA.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 2.—One of the Republican Presidential Electors of this State having resigned on account of disqualification under the Fourteenth Amend-ment, Wilson Cook, a colored man has been elected to fill

the vacancy.

NORTH CAROLINA. RALEIGH, Dec. 2.—The Electoral College met to-day, and east their vote for Grant and Coffax. Brogden was chosen President of the College.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 2.—The Presidential Elec-PROVIDENCE, THE PROVIDENCE OF was elected Messenger. TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 2.—The Electoral College met to-day and east the vote of the State for Grant and Colfax. Clay Newland was chosen Messenger to carry the vote to Washington. The College unanimously adopted a resolution recommending Horace Maynard for

Coffax. Clay Newland was chosen Messenger to carry
the vote to Washington. The College unanimously
adopted a resolution recommending Horace Maynard for
a seat in the Cabinet, and gave Mr. Newland a letter to
that effect to Gen. Grant.

II.LINOIS.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—The Electors for President
and Vice-President met in the Capital at Springfield today. Gov. Kerner was appointed to the chair. Elector
Tunnecliff was absent, and James S. Irwin was appointed
to his place. The Electors cast is votes for Grant and
Colfax. John D. Strong of Jacksonville was chosen messenger to carry the vote to Washington.

INDIANA.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 2.—The Electoral College of Indiana met to-day and cast the 13 votes of the State for Grant and Colfax.

for Grant and Colfax.

New-Orleans, Dec. 2.—The Presidential electors of this State met this morning and cast seven votes for Seymour and Blair. A Messenger was appointed to carry the vote to Washington.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 2.—The Electoral College of Wisconstin met to-day. A. T. Price, one of the electors, was detained by the failure of the trains to connect, and Gen. J. M. Rusk was chosen to fill the vacancy. The eight votes were cast for Grant and Colfax. Gen. Rusk was chosen messenger to bear the vote to Washington.

MICHIGAN.

to power in England, a petition for repeal will be successful. Should it fail, the Government of Nova-Scotia will have decided on a plan of operation which the party can unitedly approve with a prospect of success. An anti-Confederation meeting last night was attended by about 50 persons. A committee was appointed to consider the possibility of constituting a Repeal League. They are to report at another meeting.

THE INDIAN WAR.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE RECENT BATTLE

ON THE NORTH CANADIAN RIVER. Sr. Louis, Dec. 2.—Gen. Sheridan, who dates his report in the Field, Department of the North Canadian River, at the junction of Beaver Creek, Indian Territory, Nov. 29," says :

GENERAL: I have the honor to report for the informa tion of the Lieutenant-General the following operations of Gen. Custar's command. On the 23d of November I ordered him to proceed with 11 companies of the Seventh Cavalry in a southerly direction toward the Antelope Hills in search of hostile Inplans. On the 26th he struck the trail of a war party of Black Kettle's band returning from the north, near where the eastern line of the panhandle of Texas crossed the main Canadian. He at once corralled his wagons and followed in pursuit over to the headwaters of the Washita, down that stream, and on the morning of the 27th, surprised the camp of the Black Kettle, and after a desperate fight, in which Black Kettle was assisted by the Arrapahoes, under Little Raven, and the Kiowas, un der Santanta, we captured the whole camp, killing the chief, Black Kettles and 102 warriors, whose bodies were left on the field, all their stock, ammunition, arms longes robes, and 53 women and their children. Our loss was Major Elliott, Capt. Hamilton, and 19 enlisted men killed, and Brevet Lieut.-Col. Barnetz, Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. W. Custer, Second Lieut. Z. Marsh, and 11 culisted men wounded. Little Raven's band of Arrapahoes and San-'anta's band of Kiowas were encamped six miles below Black Kettle's camp. About 800 or 900 hundred of the animals captured were shot, the balance being kept for military purposes. The highest credit is due to Gen, Custar and his command. They started in a forlous snow-storm, and traveled all the while in snow about twelve inches deep. Black Kettle's and Little Raven's families Taro among? the prisoners. It was Black Kettle's band that committed the first depredations on the Saline and Solomon Rivers in Kansus. The Kansus Regiment has just come in. They missed the truil and had to struggle in the snow storm. The horses suffered much in flesh, and the men were living on buffalo meat and other game for eight days. We will soon have them in good condition. If we can get one or two more good blows there will be no more Indian troubles in my department. We will be pinched in ability to obtain supplies, and nature will present difficulties in our Winter operations; but we have stout hearts, and will do our best. Two white children were recaptured. One white woman, and a boy ten years old, were brutally murdered by the Indian women when the attack commenced.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major-Gen. Commanding. To Major-Gen. W. A. Nichels, A. A. G., Military Department of the Missourl.

PREDICTION OF SHERIDAN'S SUCCESS.

Washington, Dec. 2.-Gen. Sheridan's forces are moving from New-Mexico, Fort Hayes and four other points, in separate columns, to the Southern country, where the climate is mild, and to which Indians are resorting for Wanter sojourn. Gen. Sheridan is estab a base of supplies on the Canadian River. The indications are that his plan of operations will be successful, and that he will summarily punish the Indians. The Indian Agent, Mr. Wynkoop, is apprehensive that innocent Indians may suffer in the campaign, as no discrimiation can be made by the Commanding General.

Lieut. Gen. Sherman, in transmitting to Gen Townsend Gen. Sheridan's report, says:

Gen. Sheridan's report, says:

This gives Gen. Sheridan a good initiation. I understand his supply depot to be on Rabbit Ear Creek, a little west of south from Fort Dodge, whence he can direct operations; and his very presence there will give assurance that the troops will set with energy, and that nothing will be done but what is right. The bands of Black Kettle, Little Baven, and Santanna are well-known to us, and are the same that have been along the Smoky Hill for the past five years, and, as Gen. Sheridan reports, embraces the very same men who first began this war on the Saline and Solomon Rivers.

W. F. SHERMAN, Licut. Gen.

THE PROPERTY CAPTURED BY GEN. CUSTAR. Sr. Louis, Dec. 2.-Gen. Sheridan issued field orders, No. 6, in which he thanks his troops and congratulates Gen. Custar on his recent victory over the Indians. The following described property was captured at Indian Village: Eight hundred and seventy-five ponies; 1,123 buffalo robes and skins; 835 pounds of powder; 1,000 pounds of lead; 4,000 arrows; 700 pounds of tcbacco, besides rifles, pistols, bows, lariats, and an immense quantity of dried meats and other provisions.

INDIAN OUTRAGES IN ARIZONA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Arizona advices are to Nov. 14. The troops had attacked an Indian camp, and killed 17 and wounded 40 of the savages, and captured several mules and a quantity of arms and ammunition. A large party of Indians attacked a pack-train near Prescott, and killed three men and captured a lot of rifles, pistols and ammunition and drove off the animals. The Indians took the mails from a mali-rider near Fort Whipple, but they were recovered and delivered to the Postmaster at Wickenburg. Some uncasiness was expressed in regard to the safety of a party of miners who went to Black Cannon some time ago, as nothing had been heard from them. It is thought by some that the Maqui Indians, from Mexico, have joined the Apaches in the war against the whites. The Indians is the neighborhood of Wickenburg stampeded a large herd of cattle, horses and mules belonging to the Vulture Mining Company, and drove off 40 head of cattle. A number of recruits had arrived at Camps Grant and McDoweli. INDIAN OUTRAGES IN ARIZONA.

# ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.

IOWA.

CHANT'S MAJORITY FORTY-SIX THOUSAND.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—The full vote of lowa in
Presidential election was 194,527. Grant's majority is
46,270.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Augusta, Dec. 2.—The municipal election passed off quietly. The People's, or Democratic ticket, was elected by 136 majority. TENNESSEE.

CONTEST IN THE FIRST DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 2.—Col. Charles Cameron, the
Democratic candidate from the First District of Arkansas, claims has election over Roots, the Republican candidate, by 3,000 majority, after five countes had been
thrown out by Gov. Clayton.

THE ADMISSION OF COLORADO.

DENVER, Dec. 2 .- Both political parties held charate Conventions yesterday, to consider the admisston of Colorado into the Union. Both Conventions were fully attended. The Ecpublican Convention passed a resolution, with but one dissenting voice, requesting Congress to admit Colorado at once on such terms as that body may deem necessary. The Democratic Convention is not harmonious. The Chairman of the Central Committee and other prominent members advocated admission on any terms, but many persons are opposed to admission except that negro suffrage shall not be made a part of the Constitution. The Convention passed a resolution asking Congressional aid for the construction of railroads centering in Colorado.

THE NEW-HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICAN STATE COM-

THE NEW-HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTLE.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 2.—The Republican State Central Committee held a harmonious and spirited meeting at the Phenix Hotel hast evening. The Hon. E. H. Rollins presided, and Wyman Pattee of Enfield was manimously chosen to fill the vacancy of Secretary. Among the distinguished gentlemen present were His Excellency the Governor, United States Senators Cragin and Patterson, Congressmen Ela, Stevens, and Benton, the Hon. E. A. Stevens, Prosident of the State Senators day Jan. 5. Geriffin, Speaker of the House. It was voted to hold the State Convention at Concord on Thursday, Jan. 7. Gov. Harriman, who is serving the State to the acceptance of all, having had the two customary elections, declines to be again the candidate. It is the scieral opinion that the Hon. Gaslow Stearns will be the Gubernstorfal nomince. On the day of the State Convention the Congressional Conventions are to be held in Concord. The present Congressmen will all be unanimously renominated by acclamation. After the business of the meeting had been transacted, cloquent and spirited addresses were delivered by Gov. Harriman, all of the Congressmen, and others.

agricultural and mineral resources of their State, and administers a scathing rebuke to the abettors of the Ku-Kinx Kinx, as follows:

While upon the subject of our past differences, I would take occasion to express the hope that national politics will occupy hereafter a much less prominent position in the affairs of the State and in the minds of the people than heretofore. Political issues having been determined for years to come, at least, there is but little propriety in keeping up political agitation. And especially do I regret keeping up political agitation. And especially do I regret keeping up political agitations detrimental to the community, if not entirely out of place in a free Government. With every facility and advantage of free discussion, carried frequently to the very extrement of license, the shrinking from the light of the conventicles would be conventicles would resign at once. Judge Marshall has published another long letter against Mr. Howe. The repealers bear in adaptive under the allowed of the afternoon session. Thirty-ax Ganoulesioners are in absendance unon the Convention. THE CATTLE COMMISSIONERS' CONVENTION.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

#### EUROPE.

GREAT BRITAIN. RESIGNATION OF MR. DISRAELI.

LONDON, Dec. 2 .- It is reported that Mr. Disraeli has gone to Windsor to tender the resignation of the Ministry.

MIDNIGHT .- Prime Minister Disraeli has published

an address announcing and defending the resignation of the Ministry. He reviews the progress of the resolves in favor of the disestablishment of the Irish Church. Believing the country would not sanction such a measure, the Government awaited the elections, for the holding of which all expedition was used. The result shows that the Ministry connot command the respect of the new House of Commons. Therefore they feel it due to their own honor and to the policy supported by them, not to continue unnecessarily in office a single day, deeming it more consistent with the attitude they hold, the convenience of public business, and the influence of their party, to resign at once instead of awaiting the meeting of a Parliament in which they must be in a minority. While taking this course they do not modify their opinions, and are more than ever convinced that Mr. Gladstone's proposition is wrong in principle, and probably impracticable, and one which, even if practicable, would be disastrous to the nation. They are ready to support reform in the Church of Ireland, but will still offer uncompromising resistance to the policy enunciated by Mr. Gladstone.

ELECTION OF A FENIAN MAYOR AT CORK. CORK, Dec. 2.-Mr. Sullivan, who was struck from the commission of the peace for alleged sympathy with Fenianism, has been elected Mayor of this city.

#### CUBA.

STAGNATION IN TRADE-DESTRUCTION OF AN IMPORTANT AQUEDUCT BY THE INSURGENTS-SIEGE OF MANZANILLO.

HAVANA, Dec. 2 .- The stagnation in trade is increasing. Merchants refuse to make advances to

is increasing. Merchants refuse to make advances to planters on their crops.

A mulatto to-day, maddened by jealousy, killed his wife and his two daughters, and badly wounded a servant. Last night a Chinaman was murdered by a negro. The 'Diarrio to-day publishes the following news from the interior: The Rebels near Villa del Cobre bave destroyed the aqueduct which supplies Santiago de Cuba with water. A brother of Gon, Cespedes was killed in the engagement at Cobre. Dissensions have broken out among the Rebel leaders. Perez objects to the appointment of Cespedes as Commander-in-chief of the the revolutionary forces. The town of Manzanillo continues in the passession of the Government, but is besieged by the Rebels.

#### THE NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.-The National Board of CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—The National Board of Trade held its preliminary session this marning in the Council Chamber. Frederick Frailey of Philadelphia, Chairman of the former meeting of the Convention, took the chair as officio. The report of the Executive Council of the National Board of Trade was presented and accepted with a few minor changes. [Printed in The Tribens's Money Article.] Mr. Frailey was elected President, and, after accepting the Chechmatt Chamber of Commerce's invitation to a banquet this evening, the Board adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning, having first authorized the President to send to Birmingham the following dispatch:

To Atymen Fixed, Birminghom, England,—The National Board of trade of the United States, assembled in Classimati, to the Birmandar Bander of

Great Britars and the United States of America, bound together for the circlination of the world by fineage, language, and enstones. May they be at perpential peace and their only rivalries be those for the full development of expressions, consumers, and manuschares throughout the earth, and for the unity of the nations in fraterial sampathy and love.

The public reception to the delegates, in Pike's Opera Hall this eventure, was a success. The hall was beautifully ornamenated with overgreens. The stage was occupied by the band of the Communit Zonavez. At near 2 o'clock Mr. Gano. the President of the Chiefmanti Chamber of Commerce, accompanied by Mr. Frailey, President of the National Board of Trade, ascended to the front, and a speech of welcome was pronounced by Mr. Gano. and a speech of welcome was pronounce which was responded to by Mr. Frailey,

# THE METAIKIE RACES.

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 2. - This was the third day in good condition. The first race, a sweenstakes for two-year olds, unlie-heats, for a purse of \$400, five entries -was walked over by Richards and Kilgonr's c. c., by Mickey Free. The second race was for a purse of \$250, unle-heats, best two in three, and was won by Fare. The following is the summary: Fare, 11: Tom Green, 22; Wisenhunt, 32 Time: 1372; 153. Wisenhunt was the favorite, at 2 to 1.

Boston, Dec. 2 .- Ex-Gov. Buckingham was pened in the Melodeon this morning. Speeches were de opened in the Melodeon this morning. Specches were de-livered by the Bev. J. D. Fulton, the Rev. Dr. Biagden, the Rev. Edwin Thompson, the Rev. Mr. James, the Rev. Dr. Tompkins, the Rev. Dr. Gilbert Haven, the Rev. J. K. Dunn, the Rev. Dr. Clank, and the Rev. J. Manning. All the speakers were in favor of attempting a restoration of a prohibitory law in those States were it had been aside. In the evening, in Park-st. Claurch, speeches were delivered by the Rev. Dr. Chickering, Gov. Buckingham the Hon. Henry Wilson, the Rev. E. W. Kirk, and the Rev. Dr. Miner. All the speeches pointed directly to the reconctment of the prohibitory law.

# THE MINNESOTA SENATORSHIP.

Sr. Paut, Dec. 2.—After a canvass of the members of the Legislature elect, it has been ascertained that more three-fourths of the 54 Republican members decidedly favor the reflection of Senatar Ramsey. Donnelly is a candidate, but seven or eight votes exhaust his whole strength. Wikinson is not a candidate.

THE ULSTER COUNTY MURDERS

WATERTOWN, Dec. 2.—A gentleman say that he saw one Smith at the Junction Hotel in Clyde, Ohio, on the 20th of November. He had two girls and a boy with him at the time, but disappeared after being at the hotel a short time, leaving the children there. The children were questioned, and their answers led to the supposition that this man is the Ulster County murderer.

MURDER BY A LAKE CAPTAIN.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 2.—Late last night the captain of the bank Dobbins went on board his vessel, and after angry words with his wife, knocked her down and stamped upon her and kicked her in such a terrible manner that she gave premature birth to a chibl, which he seized and threw overboard. He then sent for a physicism, and disappeared. The woman is in a critical condition.

PHILADELPHIA. It was a great miracle, likewise a great bless-

It was a great miracle, likewise a great blessing, that scores of ladies were not crushed to death in the panie at the Kelberg matinee on Saturday afternoon. Nothing but the jadicious hearing of Mr. Beatry, Signer Petrilli, and several other gentlemen, calmed the fears of an audience which was raised to the highest patch of excitement, and checked a precipitate rush down a narrow, winding stairway, where many lives might have been destroyed. The moral is that stoves should not be kindled in auction stores beneath crowded public balls, on Saturday afternoons, and that more means of exit should be provided. It occurs to us like the dim recollection of a dream that once on a time the Legislature passed a law requiring proprietors of public halls to furnish every facility essential to the safety.of audiences in case of panies, and that Commissioners were appointed to inspeat the various public halls of our city to this end. If the law has been forgotten will sone member of the coming Legislature please have it reclared it

THE POLLARD ASSASSINATION.

Young Grant, with counsel, again appeared efore the Mayor of Richmond, on Saturday, and withdrew his metion for a reconsideration of bail. The Rickand Disputch says: "Mr. Stover, the witness who, it is alleged, represented Mr. Grant in an interview with Mr.

mond Disputch mays: "Mr. Stover, the witness with Mr. Pollard previous to the publication of the article in The Southern Opinion, was recognized to appear before the Grand Jury. Miss Alexander, the other witness whom Mr. Pollard was to introduce, was too unwell to come to town. J. Murshall Hanns, the associate editor of The Southern Opinion, in a card just written, prints the following card in reference to his connection with the article which is generally believed to have been the cause of Mr. Pollard's doubth:

"I was the associate editor of The Southern Opinion; as such I wrote most of the original reteles that have appeared in its columns. Much I wrote is no oan colition, and more I wrote by special direction of the grote of my oan colition, and more I wrote by special direction of the cition in chief. I prepared that article which cost the editor his life. It was propored by its cirve first. Alterward, convinced that its publication would be impolitic, if not consider that the article might be under the control of the cities which capping allegether, or the names to blunk, or fitted with would be a properly of the color to print or withbuff. He was responsible, not 1, and no matter to print or withbuff. He was responsible, not 1, and no matter to print or withbuff. He was responsible, was his lovariable response to applicants for redress. Not the blood of R. Rives Pollard, our late associate is not upon our hands. We are issueegit in the night of find, and shall prove ourself innerent is the appropriate of the Rives Pollard, our late associate in a supplicant for redress. Not the blood of R. Rives Pollard, our late associate in a supplicant for redress. Not the blood of R. Rives Pollard, our late associate in a supplicant for innerent is the appropriate of the Rives pollary for innerent that he appropriate and many provides the descent of The Southern replacion from the lafty phancle it unce head, I over sufficion for mother than the action of the supplicant from the lafty phancle it unce head, I over suff